Pacific Islands - Online Climate Outlook Forum (OCOF) No. 85

Country Name: KIRIBATI

TABLE 1: Monthly Rainfall

Station (include data period)			September 2014						
	July 2014 Total	August 2014 Total	Total	33%tile Rainfall (mm)	67%tile Rainfall (mm)	Median Rainfall (mm)	Ranking		
Beru (July1932-Sept2014)	44.5	22.1	27.7	29.0	69.0	47.0	21/62		
Butaritari (July1931-Sept2014)	142.4	198.5	76.3	114.3	177.7	137.0	12/75		
Kanton (Sept1937-Jun2014)	-	-	-	20.1	51.5	40.0	-		
Kiritimati (Jan1921-Sept2014)	27.3	12.8	95.7	4.0	15.1	7.5	80/87		
Tarawa (Jan1950-Sept2014)	208.1	146.5	83.2	53.0	143.2	87.1	32/65		

TABLE 2: Three-monthly Rainfall July to September 2014

[Please note that the data used in this verification should be sourced from table 3 of OCOF #81]

Station	Three-month Total	33%tile Rainfall (mm)	67%tile Rainfall (mm)	Median Rainfall (mm)	Ranking	Forecast probs.* (include LEPS)	Verification* (Consistent, Near-consistent Inconsistent?
Beru (July1932-Sept2014)	94.3	132.0	313.7	176.5	9/59	19.4/38.5/ 42.1 (26.0)	Inconsistent
Butaritari (July1931-Sept2014)	417.2	510.9	746.0	640.0	13/72	25.4/36.4/ 38.2 (12.4)	Inconsistent
Kanton (Sept1937-Sept2014)	-	138.2	219.0	170.9	-	30.1/ 35.0 /34.9 (0.7)	-
Kiritimati (Jan1921-Jun2014)	135.8	42.4	98.7	71.8	68/87	32.3/32.4 /35.3 (0.0)	Consistent
Tarawa (Jan1950-Sept2014)	437.8	193.1	544.6	332.7	38/65	26.9/35.6/ 37.5 (19.9)	Near- consistent

<u>Period</u>:*below normal/normal/above normal

Predictors and Period used for July to September 2014 Outlooks (refer to OCOF #81):

Nino 3.4 SST anomalies extended April-May, 2 months

^{*}Forecast is <u>consistent</u> when observed and predicted (tercile with the highest probability) categories coincide (are in the same tercile).

Forecast is <u>near-consistent</u> when observed and predicted (tercile with the highest probability) differ by only one category (i.e. terciles 1 and 2 or terciles 2 and 3).

Forecast is <u>inconsistent</u> when observed and predicted (tercile with the highest probability) differ by two categories (i.e. terciles 1 and 3).

TABLE 3: Seasonal Climate Outlooks using SCOPIC for November 2014 to January 2015

<u>Predictors and Period used</u>: Nino 3.4 Anomalies extended Jul-Sep 3mths.

Station	Below Median (prob)	Median Rainfall (mm)	Above Median (prob)	LEPS	Hit-rate
Beru	30.0	309.0	70.0	53.8	84.0
Butaritari	37.9	769.0	62.1	37.5	77.4
Kanton	42.9	58.4	57.1	33.6	79.5
Kiritimati	41.9	58.4	58.1	42.9	80.3
Tarawa	37.3	498.0	62.7	46.6	82.8

Station	Below Normal (prob)	33%ile rainfall (mm)	Normal (prob)	66%ile rainfall (mm)	Above Normal (prob)	LEPS	Hit-rate
Beru	9	204.0	55	600	36	51.6	58.0
Butaritari	19	588.0	43	907.8	38	36.1	62.9
Kanton	28	26.0	39	142.5	33	29.8	54.5
Kiritimati	24	32.3	45	102.2	31	40.5	63.9
Tarawa	18	321.1	46	741.8	36	40.6	57.8

TABLE 4: Seasonal Climate Outlooks using POAMA2 for November 2014 to January 2015

Station	Lower Tercile (prob)	33%ile rainfall (mm)	Middle Tercile (prob)	66%ile rainfall (mm)	Upper Tercile (prob)	
Tarawa	15	242	6	558	79	
Kanton	52	36	9	114	39	
Tabuaeran	58	54	21	207	21	

Summary Statements

Rainfall for September 2014:

September rainfall was *below normal* for Beru and Butaritari, *above normal* in Kiritimati and *normal* in Tarawa.

Accumulated rainfall for July to September 2014, including outlook verification:

July to September rainfall was below normal for Beru and Butaritari, above normal at Kiritimati and normal at Tarawa. The Beru and Butaritari rainfall totals were inconsistent, Kiritimati consistent and Tarawa near consistent with the July to September outlook. Level of skill was low to very high.

Outlooks for November 2014 to January 2015:

1. SCOPIC:

The most likely outcome for all stations is *Normal* except for Kanton where there is a near-equal likelihood of below normal, normal and above normal rainfall. Confidence in the outlook is Very high to exceptional.

2. POAMA:

The most likely outcome for Kanton and Tabuaeran is *Below-normal*. Tarawa in Western Kiribati shows the most likely outcome is *Above-normal*.

NB: The X LEPS % score has been categorised as follows:

 $Very \ Low: \ X < 0.0 \\ Low: \ 0 \le X < 5 \\ Moderate \ 5 \le X < 10 \\ Good: \ 10 \le X < 15 \\ High: \ 15 \le X < 25 \\$

Very High: $25 \le X < 35$ Exceptional: $X \ge 35$